# **Public Document Pack**





# **Licensing Sub-Committee**

Date: Monday, 17 July 2023

Time: 10.00 am

Venue: Council Chambers - Civic Centre

To: Councillors K Thomas (Chair), F Hussain, S Adan, C Baker-Westhead, R Howells,

D Mayer, A Pimm, D Fouweather, M Kellaway, J Cleverly and A Morris

Apologies for Absence
 Declarations of Interest
 Licensing Sub-Committee Code of Practice (Pages 3 - 16)
 Ideal Stores (Pages 17 - 38)
Review of Premises Licence under Section 51 Licensing Act 2003, Ideal Stores, 392 Caerleon Road, Newport, NP19 7LT

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# **Conduct and Procedure of Licensing Sub-committee**

#### 1 Membership and appointment of Chair

- 1.1 The Licensing Sub-committee comprises all members of the committee, other than those who have an interest or who is the ward member for the ward in which premises under consideration is located. The quorum is three. The Chair will be elected on the day by a simple majority vote.
- 1.2 For example, if they live in the vicinity of the licensed premises, or have a friendship or a close personal association with either the applicant or any objector this would disqualify the Member from considering the matter.
- 1.3 Members of the Licensing Sub-Committees should inform the Senior Democratic Services Officer immediately if they consider that they are disqualified from considering any application, if members of the Licensing Sub-Committee become aware of any personal interest in any application before them they should declare the interest at the beginning of the meeting and withdraw immediately.

#### 2 Ward Councillors

- 2.1 Ward Councillors are no longer expressly permitted to make representation in their capacity as Ward Councillors although they are entitled to make representations as individuals falling within the category of "any other person", if they are likely to be affected by an application (for example if they live in close proximity to the licensed premises). Councillors however must comply at all times with the Members Code of Conduct ("the Code"). Ward Councillors should avoid discussing the application with any of the Licensing Sub-Committee beforehand to avoid any suspicion of undue influence or breach of the general obligation in the Code not to improperly use their position as a Councillor to secure any advantage.
- 2.2 If a Ward Councillor has a personal interest in an application (for example, because he/she lives in close proximity to the premises), then this is also likely to be a "prejudicial" interest under the Code. Provided that the Member declares the interest and withdraws from the hearing after making representations, then he/she is entitled under paragraph 14(2) of the Code to appear at the hearing in the same way as any other member of the public having made a relevant representation within the meaning of the Act ("any other person"). This also applies whether or not the Councillor is a Member of the Licensing Committee. Because of this "personal and prejudicial" interest the Ward Councillor cannot have any other involvement with officers or members regarding the application.
- 2.3 Ward Councillors who are <u>not</u> members of Licensing Committee may also act as the appointed representatives for any other person at the hearing, if requested to do so, but they should avoid discussing the application with any of the Licensing Sub-Committee beforehand. If a Ward Member is representing any other person, that other person must have objected by their own accord before a Ward Member can be requested to act as their representative at the hearing.
- 2.4 Ward Councillors who <u>are</u> members of Licensing Committee should not appear as the appointed representatives for any other person at the hearing because of the requirements of natural justice and the need to avoid giving any impression of undue influence or breach of the general obligation in the Code not to improperly use their position as a Councillor to secure any advantage.

#### 3 Lobbying

- 3.1 Other Members must not lobby any Member of the Licensing Sub-committee, directly or indirectly, about any application before them.
- 3.2 Members of the public or any of the parties must not lobby any members of the Licensing Sub-Committee about any application before them. If any of the members of the Licensing Sub-Committee are approached by any person about a licensing matter, they should explain that they cannot discuss the matter and refer the person to the Licensing Officer. Any written representations received by individual members of the Licensing Sub-Committee must be passed to the Licensing Officer and reported at the hearing.

#### 4 Chair of the Licensing Sub-Committee

The Chair of the Licensing Sub-Committee is to be elected by Members on the day by simple majority vote.

#### 5 Quorum

- 5.1 Although the Act allows for the hearing to continue with two members present, the Council's Constitution and the Statement of Licensing Policy provides that three Councillors shall constitute a quorum for any meeting and it is good administrative practice for three members to be present.
  - If the meeting becomes inquorate at any time, the matter will need to be adjourned or referred to full Licensing Committee.
- 5.3 Membership may change during the course of a Sub-Committee meeting only if an individual member is disqualified from considering some but not all of the applications on the agenda. All members considering an application however must be present throughout the individual hearing. If, for any reason, a member needs to withdraw during the hearing, the proceedings should be temporarily adjourned until the member returns. The meeting will only commence if quorate. If a member arrives late and after the hearing commences, he or she will be disqualified from hearing the specific case under consideration but can hear other cases set out in the agenda.

#### 6 Statutory Guidance

- 6.1 The Licensing Act 2003 (Hearings) Regulations 2005 SI 44/2005 and the The Licensing Act 2003 (Hearings) (Amendment) Regulations 2004 SI 78/2005 ("the Regulations") made under Section 183 of the Act set out the statutory framework for the Licensing Sub-Committee hearings.
- 6.2 These Regulations make provision for hearings required to be held by the Council as Licensing Authority, under the Licensing Act 2003. In particular, the Regulations provide for the timing of the hearings and the notification requirements regarding the time and date of the hearings and information to be given to the parties. In addition, provision is made for a party to provide information to the Licensing Committee about attendance at a hearing, representations, the seeking of permission for another person to attend to assist and whether a party believes that a hearing is necessary.
- 6.3 The Regulations provide for a range of procedural issues to govern the way in which preparations are made for a hearing, the procedures to be followed, the rights of parties at the hearing, the keeping of records and the manner of giving notices. The Regulations also make provision for the timing of the Licensing Committee's determination following a hearing.

6.4 Insofar as the Regulations do not make specific provision for procedures for and at hearings, the Licensing Authority can determine its own procedures.

#### 7 Notice of Hearings

- 7.1 The provisions of the Local Government Act 1972 requiring at least three clear working days' notice of Council and Committee meetings do not apply to hearings conducted under the Licensing Act 2003.
- 7.2 Instead Regulation 6 of the Regulations prescribes the period of notice to be given for a Licensing Committee hearing, depending upon the type of application being considered.
  - 7.2.1 At least two clear working days' notice must be given if the hearing is to consider
    - the cancellation of an interim authority notice following a police objection
    - counter notice following a police objection to a temporary event notice
  - 7.2.2 at least five clear working days' notice must be given if the hearing is to consider
    - review of premises licence following a closure order
    - determination of application for conversion of existing licence
    - determination of application for conversion of existing club certificate
    - determination of application by holder of justices' licence for the grant of a personal licence
  - 7.2.3 In all other cases, at least 10 clear working day's notice of the hearing must be given.

#### 8 Timescale for arranging hearings

- 8.1 Regulations 4 and 5 and Schedule 1 set out the time periods within which the Council is required to arrange hearings. Where a hearing cannot be concluded in one day and has to be held on more than one day, the Regulations require that the hearing must be arranged to take place on consecutive working days.
- 8.2 The time frame for arranging hearings again depends on the nature of the application and varies from 20 working days from the last date when representation may be made or notice may be received from the Police to five working days in the case of cancellation of an interim authority notice following a police objection.

#### 9 Form of Notice

- 9.1 Regulation 34 requires that notice of the hearing shall be in writing although it is a matter for the Council to determine how the notice should be given. The Regulations specifically provide that notice can be given electronically (eg by email or fax transmission) provided that the recipient agrees to this method of notice beforehand and a hard copy of the notice is also despatched at the same time. The notice is then deemed to have been properly served at the time of the electronic transmission. Any notice served by second class post would generally be deemed to have been served within two working days.
- 9.2 It is recommended that all notices and information should be sent to the parties by second class post. In the case of emergency applications that have to be dealt with at short notice or where the parties specifically request, copies will also be sent by email or fax, where these details are known.

#### 10 Information to be provided

- 10.1 Regulation 7 provides that the following information must be sent out with the notice of hearing
  - The rights of attendance, assistance and representation
  - The consequences if a party does not attend or is not represented at the hearing (which will usually be that the hearing will proceed in the party's absence)
  - The procedure to be followed at the hearing
  - Any particular points on which the Licensing Committee considers that it wants clarification from any party at the hearing
- 10.2 Regulation 7(2) also provides that, in relation to the hearings listed in column 1 of Schedule 3 of the Regulations, certain specified documents must be sent with the notice of hearing to the persons identified. For most types of application, this means that copies of the relevant representations or notices given must be sent to the applicants or licence holders.
- 10.3 The Regulations require that the notice of the hearing and supporting information must be sent to the appropriate parties ie the applicant and any persons making relevant representations. There is no requirement for public notice to be given of the hearing or for the supporting information to be made available to the press and public or any other members of the Council. The Council however has a discretion as to whether or not to publicise the hearing more widely.
- 10.4 Having regard to the principles of open government, the Constitutional requirements that decisions are taken in a transparent and accountable manner and the requirements of Regulation 14(1) that hearings are generally conducted in public, it is recommended that the Licensing Sub-committees follow the same publicity arrangements as with other Committee meetings.

#### 11 Requirements for Applicants and any other persons

- 11.1 Upon receipt of the notice of the meeting, the Applicant and any other person must inform the Council in writing
  - Whether they intend to attend or be represented at the hearing
  - Whether they consider a hearing to be unnecessary
  - Requests for any other people to attend the hearing eg witnesses (including their names and a brief description of the evidence that they can give and its relevance to the application)
- 11.2 In the case of emergency applications, such as the cancellation of an interim authority notice following representations by the police or a counter notice following a police objection to a temporary events notice, this information must be provided not later than one working day before the hearing. In the case of the review of premises licences following closure orders, an application for conversion of existing licences or club certificates and the grant of personal licences, the information must be provided at least two working days before the hearing. In all other cases the information must be provided at least five working days before the hearing.
- 11.3 It is recommended that a separate letter be sent to the Applicant and any other person at the same time as the agenda for the meeting, reminding them of the need for this information and asking them for a response as soon as possible before the meeting. If the Licensing Sub-committee is informed in good time before the meeting that the parties do not wish to attend, then it may be possible to reschedule other business or applications for that meeting.

- 11.4 Regulation 9 allows the Council to dispense with the need for a hearing if the Applicant and all any other persons agree. If all the parties respond to the request for information stating that they consider a hearing to be unnecessary, the hearing can be vacated and notice given to the parties accordingly. A determination must then be made within 10 working days of the notice.
- 11.5 Regulation 10 provides that any party may withdraw their representations by giving written notice at least 24 hours before the hearing or orally at the hearing itself. There are no powers to avoid wasted costs in favour of either party in the event of an abortive hearing due to late withdrawal of representations. The parties should be encouraged to give as much notice as possible if they intend to withdraw their representations to avoid the unnecessary time and expense of arranging a hearing.
- 11.6 Where all objections are withdrawn and/or all the parties agree that a hearing may be dispensed with, the applications may be determined by officers under delegated powers.

#### 12 Extensions of Time and adjournments (Regulations 11-13)

The Licensing Sub-Committee have a general discretion to extend the time limits contained in the Regulations or adjourn hearings if this is considered to be necessary in the public interest. Proper notice would have to be given of any extension of time or adjournment. Time cannot be extended or hearings adjourned if this would result in a failure to comply with the timescales set out in the Act.

#### 13 The Hearing

#### 13.1 Exclusions

Regulation 14 provides that all hearings must be held in public. The Licensing Sub-Committee may however exclude the press and public (including the parties and their representatives) from all or part of the hearing if they consider that the public interest in doing so outweighs the public interest in the hearing, or that part of the hearing, taking place in public.

- 13.2 The Access to Information provisions of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972 do not apply to hearings before the Licensing Sub-Committee. The test for exclusion of the press and public is not whether there is "exempt information" (as defined in Schedule 12A) which is likely to be disclosed, but whether it is in the "public interest" that the hearing (or part of the hearing) should be in private.
- 13.3 It is recommended that, as a general rule, all representations from the parties should be heard in public unless there are exceptional circumstances. The overriding public interest dictates that hearings should be conducted in a fair, open and transparent manner and justice should be seen to be done. The Council's constitution is also based on democratic open government, accountability and public access to meetings. The parties should be given the opportunity at the beginning of the hearing to make an application for a private hearing, but they would have to establish a clear reason why this should override the public interest in an open hearing. The fact that personal information or information relating to financial, business or commercial interests would be disclosed would not, in itself, justify exclusion. An application for exclusion of the press and public could be made, for example, where sensitive information relating to individual children could be disclosed in relation to a policy issue involving the protection of children from harm, or where there are criminal justice implications involving representations made by the police. The final decision as to whether the press and public should be excluded for all or part of the hearing on public policy grounds is a matter for the Licensing Sub-Committee.
- 13.4 It is however recommended that, as a general rule, the press, public and the relevant parties are all excluded from the meeting while the Licensing-Sub-committee deliberate and come to

their decision on the grounds that this private debate is considered to be in the "public interest". Everyone should then be asked withdraw from the room, except for the Licensing Officer, the Democratic Services Officer and the Head of Law and Standards or his nominated representative. These three officers shall be entitled to remain, but only for the purpose of offering advice as to procedure or any particular point of law and to record decisions. They must not participate in the decision-making by the Licensing Sub-Committee. Where it is more convenient, the Licensing Sub-Committee may withdraw to a private room rather than require everyone else to withdraw from the meeting room.

- 13.5 If there are any further points of clarification required, then all of the parties and the public should be allowed back into the meeting while these points of clarification are addressed.
- 13.6 Regulation 25 permits the Licensing Sub-Committee to exclude any person from the hearing if they are behaving in a disruptive manner, either permanently or temporarily (permitting them to return only if they comply with such conditions as may be specified). If one of the parties is excluded on these grounds and not permitted to return, they are entitled to submit to the Licensing Sub-Committee in writing any information which they would have been entitled to give orally had they not been excluded from the meeting.

#### 13.7 Representations

Any person or responsible authority may make written representations about an application for a premises licence or certificate within a specified period, which is generally 28 working days of the receipt of the application. Representations or requests for review will only be relevant if they relate to the four licensing objectives. The applicant will be provided with copies of all relevant representations received at the same time as the notice of hearing. The written representations will also be referred to as background papers to the Report of the Licensing Officer, which will be circulated to Members of the Licensing Sub-Committee and made available to the press and public as soon as possible and, in any event, at least two clear working days before the hearing.

- 13.8 Advice should therefore be given that, if any person responds to any notice or advertisement, their letter of objection or support will be made available to the public, including personal data (such as names and addresses) in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1988. If any person objects to their name and address, or any other personal information, being made public, then their representations will need to be redacted or anonymised before being circulated (but this may affect the weight that the Licensing Sub-Committee attaches to their representations).
- 13.9 Where relevant representations have been made and an application is to be determined at a hearing, the applicant and those parties who have made representations have a right to attend the hearing (subject to rights of exclusion) and may be assisted or represented at the hearing by any person (whether or not that person is legally qualified) (Regulation 15).
- 13.10 Regulation 16 provides that a party shall be entitled at the hearing to
  - Give further information in response to a point upon which the Licensing authority has given notice that it wants clarification
  - Question any other party, if permission is given by the Licensing Sub-Committee
  - Address the Licensing Sub-Committee
- 13.11Regulation 17 provides that Members of the Licensing Sub-Committee may question any party or other person appearing at the hearing.
- 13.12In considering any application, representations or notice made by a party, the Licensing Sub-Committee may take into account documentary or other information produced by a party in support of their application, representations or notice, either before the hearing or, with the consent of the parties, at the hearing. The Licensing Sub-Committee has discretion as to whether to admit this documentary evidence but should, generally allow this to be presented

if it is relevant and material to the application, the representations or notice submitted and the licensing objectives. This however should not be seen as an opportunity to introduce new representations outside the statutory timescale. The parties should be advised to provide any additional documentary evidence as soon as possible before the hearing and, wherever possible, this should be circulated in advance to the Members of the Licensing Sub-Committee and the other parties. The Sub-Committee will then decide at the hearing whether or not this additional documentary evidence should be admitted and considered. If admitted, the additional information will then be made available to the press and public at the meeting. If the additional documentary evidence has not been produced before the hearing, it can only be admitted with the consent of all the parties. If any other party objects to the evidence being produced at the hearing, the Licensing Sub-Committee has no discretion to admit it or take it into account.

#### 14 Failure of parties to attend the hearing

If a party has informed the Council that he/she does not intend to attend or be represented at the hearing, then the hearing may proceed in their absence. If a party, who has not given prior notice of his/her intention not to attend the hearing, is absent from the hearing the Licensing Sub-Committee may either adjourn the hearing or hold the hearing in the party's absence. Where the hearing proceeds in the absence of a party, the Licensing Sub-Committee must still consider the written representations or notice submitted by that party and follow the same principles of decision-making.

#### 15 Procedure at the hearing

- 15.1 Subject to the provisions of the Regulations, the Licensing Sub-Committee has the discretion to regulate their own proceedings and procedure to be followed at the hearing. The proceedings should be kept as informal as possible although a logical and ordered approach should be maintained in order to ensure a fair and impartial hearing. A suggested form of procedure is attached however the Chair should make it clear that the Licensing Sub-Committee are not totally inflexible and would be prepared to vary the order of proceedings if this would facilitate the proper consideration of an application or notice.
- 15.2 Regulation 7(c) provides that parties should be informed of the procedure to be adopted at the hearing when they are sent notice of the arrangements for the meeting. It is therefore suggested that a copy of the written procedure is sent to the parties with the notice of the hearing.
- 15.3 Regulation 22 requires the Licensing Sub-Committee to explain the procedure to the parties at the beginning of the hearing and consider any request under Regulation 8(2) for permission for another person to appear at the hearing (such permission not to be unreasonably withheld). Prior notice should have been given if parties wish to call witnesses or other persons to address the hearing. Provided that their evidence or representations are relevant and material, permission should generally be allowed.
- 15.4 Regulation 23 provides that the hearing should take the form of a "discussion led by the authority" and cross-examination should not be permitted unless the licensing committee considers that this is required to enable them to consider the matter properly. Whilst parties and their representatives should not be allowed to make the hearing too adversarial, it is suggested that both parties should be allowed an equal opportunity to put questions to the other party and their representatives/witnesses (under Regulation 16). A period of five minutes each should be allowed for questions, with the Chair having discretion to disallow any questions which are considered by the Licensing Sub-Committee to be irrelevant, hostile or repetitive. Wherever possible, large groups of objectors should be encouraged to appoint a single spokesperson to present their case, to save time and avoid unnecessary duplication.

15.5 Regulation 24 provides that the Licensing Sub-Committee must allow the parties an equal maximum period of time in which to exercise their rights to put questions and address the hearing. It is suggested that, as a general rule, a maximum time of 20 minutes should be allowed for both parties, with 10 minutes for addressing the Sub-Committee, five minutes for questioning and five minutes for summing up at the end. The Licensing Sub-Committee can however extend time for both parties if this is necessary for the proper consideration of the matter.

#### 16 Site Visits

The Sub-Committee may, at its discretion, undertake a site visit of any premises that are the subject of any application. The visit may take place either before the hearing, by arrangement with the parties, or the Sub-Committee may adjourn the hearing at any time to visit the premises. If a site visit is undertaken, it should be a fact-finding exercise only and no representations should be heard from any party. Any questions should be addressed to licensing officer(s), wherever possible, but if it is necessary to ask a question of any party, this should be done in the presence of all the other parties.

#### 17 Determination of applications

- 17.1 Normally, the licensing Sub-Committee must make its determination at the conclusion of the hearing. In other cases the Sub-committee shall make its determination within five working days. Where a hearing has been dispensed with, the decision must be made within 10 working days of the notice to dispense with the hearing.
- 17.2 The Council's Statement of Licensing policy provides that every decision of the Licensing Sub-Committee shall be accompanied with reasons for that decision. A summary of the decision shall be posted on the Council's website as soon as possible after the decision has been made, where it will form part of the statutory licensing register.
- 17.3 Paragraph 24 provides that comprehensive reasons should be given and, on making findings of fact in its reasons, the Licensing Sub-Committee should ensure that they address the standard of proof and the burden of proof that they have adopted. The Licensing Sub-Committee should also address the extent to which the decision has been made with regard to its Statement of Licensing Policy and the Statutory Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Act.
- 17.4 Regulation 28 requires the Council to notify the parties in writing of the determination of the Licensing Sub-Committee and their rights of appeal. The Council is also required to send notification of the determination to the Chief Officer of Police, where the police have not been a party to the hearing. This notification must be sent within the period specified in the Act or, if no period is prescribed, forthwith on making the determination.

#### 18 Right of appeal

Any aggrieved party will have the right of appeal to the Magistrates' Court within 21 days of being notified of the decision.

#### 19 Record of proceedings

Regulation 30 provides that the Council must keep a record of the hearing in a permanent and intelligible form for a period of six years from the date of the determination or, where any appeal is brought against the determination of the Licensing Sub-Committee, from the disposal of any appeal. A verbatim note or transcript of the proceedings is not required, but the Minute recording the decision must be sufficiently detailed so as to provide an accurate record of both the proceedings and the decision taken, together with the reasons given and any conditions imposed.

#### 20 Irregularities

Regulations 31-33 provide that any irregularities or clerical errors shall not invalidate any decision or render a determination void and enables the Council to correct any error or cure any irregularity as soon as possible.

#### **Organisation of Cases for the Hearing**

- The hearings will normally take place at the Civic Centre, Newport at times to be agreed with the Sub-Committee.
- The agenda for the meetings of the Licensing-Sub-committee shall be agreed by the Licensing Officer and the Senior Democratic Services officer after any necessary consultation with the relevant Chair of the Licensing Sub-Committee. The officers shall determine how many applications can be heard at each meeting and the order in which the applications should be considered, taking into account the number of parties who will be attending.
- Hearings should be scheduled in accordance with the timescales prescribed by the Regulations. In general a hearing must be held within 20 working days after the time has expired for making representations.
- 4 Once the draft agenda has been agreed, the Senior Democratic Services Officer should send out notice of the agenda to the Members, press and public in the usual way. Members should immediately inform the Senior Democratic Services Officer if they consider they are disqualified from hearing or they have an interest in any specific case.
- 5 At the same time, the Licensing Officer shall send notice of the hearing to the parties, together with
  - A copy of the procedure to be followed at the hearing
  - Confirmation of the parties' rights to be assisted or represented at the hearing (whether or not that person is legally qualified)
  - Confirmation that the parties will be allowed to address the Licensing Sub-Committee and put questions to the other parties for a maximum of 20 minutes
  - Confirmation that, if a party does not attend the hearing, the hearing would generally proceed in his/her absence
  - A note of any particular point on which the Licensing Sub-committee requires further clarification.
  - Copies of all relevant representations received
- The parties should also be requested to notify the Council as soon as possible (and in any event within the timescale prescribed by the Regulations) whether they intend to appear and/or be represented at the hearing or whether they consider a hearing to be unnecessary.
- If they intend to proceed with a hearing, they should be requested to give advance notice of any application to adduce any further documentary evidence (which should preferably be provided as soon as possible before the hearing) or request for any other person to appear at the hearing. The request must contain details of the name of the witness and a brief description of that person's evidence.
- The notice of hearing and supporting documents should be sent by second class post and, except in the case of emergency applications or where the Regulations specify a shorter period, at least 10 clear working day's notice should be given. The Licensing Officer may also send electronic copies by email or fax by agreement with the applicants or other party.

- The Chair of the Licensing Sub-committee may meet with the Democratic Services Officer, the Solicitor to the Licensing Sub-Committee and the Licensing Officer(s) presenting the report in advance of the hearing to identify any issues where further clarification should be requested from the parties. These issues will be notified to the parties by the Licensing Officer to enable them to address these issues in their submissions at the hearing. During this preliminary meeting and any pre-agenda meeting, no decisions shall be made and no discussions shall be held regarding the substantive merits of the application or representations.
- The hearings shall be attended by a Solicitor, a Democratic Services Officer and the Licensing Officer. The officers shall attend for the sole purpose of giving advice on law and procedure and are not parties to the decision.
- 11 The role of the Solicitor is to provide legal advice in relation to the applications and submissions.
- The role of the Democratic Services Officer is to record the proceedings and the decisions of the Sub-Committee and ensure efficient administration.
- The Licensing Officer shall prepare a written Report for consideration by the Licensing Sub-Committee, which should include
  - A brief summary of the application
  - A brief summary of the representations
  - The relevant licensing objectives
  - Relevant aspects of the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy and statutory Guidance
  - Other background information (such as copies of letters)
- The Licensing Officer's Report should be sent out as soon as possible and, in any event, no later than 10 clear working days before the hearing, together with copies of relevant documentary evidence submitted by the parties. Wherever possible, the Licensing Officer's Report should be sent out at the same time as the notice of hearing and supporting documents, but this will not be reasonably practicable where there are a significant number of applications to be determined. If additional documentary evidence is provided later by the parties, it should be copied and sent to the other parties before the hearing, if reasonably practicable.
- After hearing all the representations and prior to retiring to make its decision, the Licensing Sub-Committee may, if it wishes, seek the guidance of the Licensing Officer and/or Solicitor on possible conditions that could be attached to any licence.
- The Democratic Services Officer shall keep a record of the decisions taken and the Licensing Officer shall send written confirmation of the decision to the relevant parties, together with the reasons, any conditions and their rights of appeal.

#### **Principles of Decision-Making**

- This note is intended to provide members of the Licensing Sub-committee with a guide to the principles of decision-making. The licensing hearings are of a quasi-judicial nature and the procedures are, therefore, markedly different to the usual arrangements for Committee meetings.
- 2 It should be noted that the proceedings are governed by adjudication procedures and the rules of natural justice will, therefore, apply. All the parties should be given a full and fair hearing, which should be conducted in an open, transparent and accountable manner.
- 3 Members must, at all times, comply with the Council's Member Code of Conduct.

- 4 All licensing applications must be considered on the basis of whether they promote the four licensing objectives set out in the Act and incorporated in the Statement of Licensing Policy, namely
  - The prevention of crime and disorder
  - Public safety
  - The prevention of public nuisance
  - The protection of children from harm
- In reaching their decisions under the Act, the Licensing Sub-Committee must have regard to all relevant considerations including (but not limited to)
  - The relevant statutory provisions
  - Relevant Statutory Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Act
  - The Council's Statement of Licensing Policy
  - The licensing objectives
  - The material facts based on the relevant evidence presented and representations received
  - The individual merits of each case
  - The public interest
- The Licensing Sub-Committee must disregard any irrelevant considerations, including (but not limited to) information or evidence which is not relevant to the application or to the promotion of the licensing objectives. Members must also disregard any party political considerations or decisions taken in political group meetings.
- Members of the Licensing Sub-Committee must act fairly, objectively and impartially throughout. They must not show any bias or predetermination and must keep an open mind on all applications until they have heard all the relevant representations and evidence. Members must not prejudge any application, express any view on the merits of any application, organise any support or opposition to any application, in advance of the hearing. Any Member with a "closed mind" on any application would be disqualified from sitting on the Licensing Sub-Committee which considers that application.

In the event of any licensing applications submitted by or on behalf of the Council or an officer of the Council, the same rules and procedures shall apply. No account shall be taken of the fact that the application is submitted by the Council or an officer and no favour or consideration shall be shown in relation to the application. Any member involved in the decision to apply for the licence shall be disqualified from sitting on the Licensing Sub-Committee which considers the application.

#### Procedure to be Followed at The Hearing

1 Preliminaries and Opening remarks

At the commencement of the meeting, the Chair for the meeting shall be elected by simple majority of members present.

The Chair of the Sub-Committee opens the meeting and welcomes those attending.

The Chair introduces the members and the officers present.

2 Apologies/declarations of interest

The Chair deals with any apologies for absence and declarations of interest. Any substitution of members will be dealt with at this stage.

#### 3 Introductions

The Chair invites the applicant, any other person and their representatives to introduce themselves and indicate who will be speaking.

The Chair explains the procedures to be followed and the time allocated to each party and asks if there are any questions. (The order of proceedings may be varied at the discretion of the Sub-Committee where the parties have any particular preference of where this is necessary for proper consideration). The proceedings will generally be conducted in public unless it is in the public interest to hear cases in private. Any applications to exclude the press and public should be dealt with at this stage.

#### 4 Applications

The Chair will inform the parties whether their applications to have certain people attend the hearing under Regulation 8(2) (eg witnesses) have been granted or refused.

The Chair will summarise the papers before the Licensing Sub-Committee and will confirm that everyone has copies. Chair will ascertain whether any representations have been or are now to be withdrawn. Licensing Sub-Committee will consider any requests for additional documentary evidence or other information to be introduced by either party. (Note that advance notification must be given, otherwise the additional information or evidence can only be adduced at the hearing with the consent of all the parties and the agreement of the Sub-Committee).

Chair is to identify any specific points about which the Licensing Sub-Committee have requested clarification.

#### 5 Report from Licensing Officer

The Licensing Officer presents the Report outlining

- The nature of the application
- Any relevant background information
- Relevant issues in relation to the promotion of the four licensing objectives
- Relevant representations received
- Any relevant policy issues, including the Statement of Licensing Policy and any statutory Guidance

The Licensing Officer presenting the report will <u>not</u> make any recommendation regarding the determination of the application, but will simply outline the relevant considerations which the Licensing Sub-Committee will need to take into account when arriving at their decision. (It should be noted if the Licensing Authority wishes to make representation regarding application as a relevant authority under the Licensing Act 2003 a further Licensing Officer will be required to attend the committee and Act as a relevant authority).

The Members will be able to ask questions of the Licensing Officer(s) presenting the report to clarify any issues arising out of the Report.

#### 7 The Applicant's case

- (a) The Applicant/representative to address the Sub-Committee and to call any witnesses where permission has been granted (maximum period of 10 minutes). Parties may give their evidence by making a statement or by being questioned by their representative.
- (b) The objectors/representatives shall be allowed to put questions to the applicant/representative and any witnesses (maximum five minutes).
- (c) The members of the Licensing Sub-committee to put questions to the applicant/ representative and any witnesses

#### 8 The Objector(s) case

- (a) The Objectors/representatives to address the Sub-Committee and to call any witnesses, where permission has been granted (maximum period of 10 minutes). (The responsible authorities eg Police, Fire Authority, followed by any other person in the order in which they submitted their written representations. Where a large group have objected, they should be encouraged to appoint a single spokesperson in order to save time and avoid repetition).
- (b) The applicant/representative shall be allowed to put questions to the objectors/ representatives and any witnesses, (maximum five minutes).
- (c) The members of the Licensing Sub-committee to put questions to the objectors/ representatives and any witnesses.

#### 9 Closing Statements

- (a) Objectors or their representative(s) to sum up (maximum of five minutes). (In the order in which they addressed the Sub-Committee, if more than one).
- (b) Applicant or representative to sum up (maximum of five minutes). (At this stage the applicant/representative should indicate whether, in the light of the representations made, they wish to amend their application or offer any conditions to overcome the objections and/or promote the licensing objectives).

#### 10 Decision

If there are no further matters to be resolved, the Chair will ask all the parties if they are satisfied that they have had a fair hearing and will then close the proceedings.

The Sub-committee to consider whether it is in the public interest that they deliberate in private or whether this part of the hearing should continue to take place in public.

Pass resolution to exclude the press and public (including the parties and their representatives) pursuant to Regulation 14(2) during this part of the hearing, while the Sub-Committee discusses its decision. Everyone should then be asked withdraw from the room, except the Licensing Officer(s) presenting the report, the Democratic Services Officer and the Head of Law and Standards or his nominated representative(s). These officers shall be entitled to remain but only for the purpose of offering advice as to procedure or any particular point of law. The Sub-Committee may withdraw into a private room to do this

The Members of the Sub-Committee will deliberate and come to their decision. The reasons for the decision, the material findings of fact and any conditions will be agreed and recorded in writing by the Chair. In the event of any disagreement, any matter under consideration shall be determined by a simple majority of votes cast.

The hearing will then resume in public. The Chair will announce the decision and give the reasons for that decision, any material findings of fact, any licence conditions that are to be imposed and the licensing objectives that they relate to (unless, where permitted by the regulations, the decision is to be communicated at a later time).

#### 11 Repeat process for each hearing



# Report



# **Licensing Sub Committee Report.**

Part 1

Date: 17th July 2023

Subject Review of Premises Licence under Section 51 Licensing Act

2003, Ideal Stores, 392 Caerleon Road, Newport, NP19 7LT

**Purpose** The consideration and decision in respect of a review application under Licensing Act 2003.

**Author** Llyr Roberts (Licensing Officer)

**Ward** As indicated within the report

**Summary** An application for a review of the premises licence was made by Newport City Council

Licensing Authority, acting in its role as a Responsible Authority, on 25<sup>th</sup> May 2023 on the basis that the premises undermines the Licensing Objectives 'Public Safety' and the

'Protection of Children from Harm.'

**Proposal** To make a decision on the application to review the Premises Licence issued in respect of

Ideal Stores, 392 Caerleon Road, Newport, NP19 7LT.

**Action by** Head of Law and Regulation

Timetable Statutory Consultation Period

Signed Llyr Roberts

#### 1. Review Application

A review application under Section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 was received on the 25<sup>th</sup> May 2023 from Newport City Council Licensing Authority, acting in its role as a Responsible Authority, to review the Premises Licence issued in respect of Ideal Stores, 392 Caerleon Road, Newport NP19 7LT.

The application for review relates to the following Licensing objective(s):

#### - Public Safety

#### - Protection of Children from Harm

A copy of the review paperwork and supporting documents can be found in **Appendix A** of this report.

The application was received by the Licensing Authority on 25<sup>th</sup> May 2023 and in accordance with section 51(3)(a) of the Licensing Act 2003 a copy of the application was served on the holder of the Premises Licence and on all Responsible Authorities.

Following receipt of the application, the Licensing Authority advertised the application in accordance with the regulations of the Act, thereby inviting representations to be made by interested parties. Any representation in respect of this application made by a responsible authority or an interested party had to be received by the Licensing Authority by 22<sup>nd</sup> June 2023.

#### 2. Licensable Activities

The current premises licence holder is:

Rakesh Upadhyay of 34 Whitchurch Road, Cardiff, CF14 3NT The Premises Licence relates to: Ideal Stores, 392 Caerleon Road, Newport NP19 7LT

#### Sale by retail of alcohol (Off Sales Only) -

Monday to Saturday inclusive 08:00 - 23:00 Sunday 10:00 - 22:30 Good Friday 08:00- 22:30 Christmas Day- 12:00 - 15:00 Christmas Day- 19:00-22:30

A copy of 'Part A' of the Premises Licence can be found in **Appendix B** of this report.

#### 3. Representations

No Representations were received.

#### 4. Background/Premises Licence History

The Premises itself is a Convenience Store licensed for 'Off Sales' and is located on Caerleon Road, Newport. The premises is situated in a residential and high traffic area, Caerleon Road acts as a thoroughfare for vehicles traveling from the M4 and St Julians to Caerleon. The location of the premises can be found in **Appendix C** of this report;

Other than the issues contained within this report, Licensing are unaware of any other historical issues relating to the premises.

#### 5. Policy Considerations regarding a review of a Premises Licence

Relevant extracts of the Statement of Licensing Policy as regards this application include:

- 9. 1 The Council can consider a review of a premises licence where it is alleged by a Responsible Authority, such as the Police, Fire Authority or other persons, that any of the licensing objectives are being under mined. It views particularly seriously applications for the review of any premises licence which involves the:
- 1) use of licensed premises for the sale and distribution of classified drugs and the laundering of the proceeds of drugs crimes;
- 2) use of licensed premises for the sale and distribution of illegal firearms;
- 3) evasion of copyright in respect of pirated films and music;
- 4) underage purchase and consumption of alcohol;
- 5) use of licensed premises for prostitution or the sale of unlawful pornography:
- 6) use of licensed premises for unlawful gaming;
- 7) use of licensed premises as a base for organised criminal activity;
- 8) use of licensed premises for the organisation of racist, homophobic or sexual abuse or attacks;
- 9) use of licensed premises for the sale of smuggled tobacco or goods;
- 10) use of licensed premises for the sale of stolen goods;
- 11) Police being frequently called to attend to incidents of disorder:
- 12) prolonged and/or repeated instances of public nuisance;
- 13) serious risk to public safety;
- 14) serious risk to children.

And

Where a review hearing is held, the Council has a variety of courses of action ranging from taking no action at all, varying conditions, suspending or revoking the licence.

#### Revised Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

#### 6. Legal Considerations

The decision must be taken following consideration of the representation received with a view to promoting the licensing objectives which are:

- Prevention of crime and disorder
- Public Safety
- Prevention of Public Nuisance
- Protection of Children from Harm

In each case the Sub-Committee may make the following determination

- To modify the conditions of the Premises licence
- To exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the premises licence
- To remove the designated premises supervisor from the licence
- To suspend the premises license for a period not exceeding 3 months

- To revoke the premises licence
- Take No Action in respect of the Premises Licence.

All decisions taken by the Sub-Committee must

- (a) be within the legal powers of the Council and its Committees;
- (b) comply with any procedural requirement imposed by law;
- (c) be undertaken in accordance with the procedural requirements imposed by the Council eg. standing orders and financial regulations;
- (d) be fully and properly informed;
- (e) be properly motivated;
- (f) be taken having regard to the Council's fiduciary duty to its taxpayers; and
- (g) be reasonable and proper in all the circumstances.

#### 7. Issues for discussion

- The content of the application made by Newport City Council Licensing Authority, acting in its role as a Responsible Authority, for a review of the Premises Licence.
- Any evidence and mitigation provided by Licence Holder

#### 8. Financial Summary

 The costs and financial implications: You must discuss financial implications with the Head of Finance and the report must identify from where your proposals will be funded, together with any impact on budgets or any opportunity costs

	Year 1 (Current)	Year 2	Year 3	Ongoing	Notes including budgets heads affected
	L £	£	£	£	
Costs (Income)					
Net Costs (Savings)					
Net Impact on Budget					

#### 9. Risks

It is important to identify and manage any project or scheme's exposure to risk and have in place controls to deal with those risks.

In this section, you should consider the key risks facing the proposals in your report, particularly those which would impact on delivery or sustainability of the project of projected outcomes. You will need to include details of how risks will be managed. If your proposals rely on short or medium term grant aid or funding streams you will need to outline your exit or continuation policy here.

You will need to complete the following Risk table

Risk	Impact of Risk if it occurs* (H/M/L)	Probability of risk occurring (H/M/L)	What is the Council doing or what has it done to avoid the risk or reduce its effect	Who is responsible for dealing with the risk?
Making a unlawful decision	High	Low	The Committee will consult with the Legal Officer and Licensing Officer to determine if any decision is lawful and proportionate.  Members training.	Chairperson. Legal Officer.
The licensing committee departing from the licensing policy.	Medium	Low	If the Committee wishes to depart from the Councils policy they must give good reason for this and obtain advice from the Legal Officer when departing from the Policies to ensure the decision is lawful.  Members training.	Chairperson. Legal Officer.
The applicant does not have a fair hearing	High	Low	A Licensing Committee procedure should be followed by the committee.  The Legal Officer alongside the Democratic Service Officer will advise the committee if at any stage an unfair hearing is taking place.  Members training.	Democratic Service Officer. Chairperson. Legal Officer.

<sup>\*</sup> Taking account of proposed mitigation measures

#### 10. Links to Council Policies and Priorities

This report has been prepared in accordance with The Licensing Act 2003 and with regard to Newport City Council Statement of Licensing Policies 2015.

#### **APPENDIX A-**

Application for Review of a Premises Licence under the Licensing Act 2003 From Newport City Council Licensing Authority, acting in its role as a Responsible Authority- 25/05/2023.

#### Application for the review of a premises licence or club premises certificate under the **Licensing Act 2003**

#### PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form.

If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary. You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.						
I Newport City Council Licensing Authority (Acting as a Responsible Authority)						
apply for the review of a premises licence under section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the premises described in Part 1 below						
Part 1 – Premises or club premises details						
Postal address of premises or, if none, ordnan	ce survey map reference or description					
Ideal Stores 392 Caerleon Road Newport						
Post town Newport	Post code (if known) NP19 7LT					
Name of premises licence holder or club holdi	ng club premises certificate (if known)					
Rakesh Upadhyay	ing class premises certificate (if known)					
Number of premises licence or club premises of	ertificate (if known)					
23/00832/LAPVPT						
Part 2 - Applicant details						
I am	Please tick ✓ yes					
1) an individual, body or business which is not a	responsible					
authority (please read guidance note 1, and compor (B) below)						
	_					

Page 22 29th March 2023

2) a responsible autho	ority (please complete (C	C) below)			
3) a member of the clu (please complete (A) b	ub to which this applicate below)	tion relates			
(A) DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT (fill in as applicable)					
Please tick ✓ yes					
Mr Mrs	Miss	Ms	Other title (for example, Rev)		
Surname		First names			
I am 18 years old or	over		Please tick ✓ yes		
Current postal address if different from premises address					
Post town		Post Code			
Daytime contact tele	phone number				
E-mail address (optional)					
(B) DETAILS OF O	OTHER APPLICANT				
Name and address					
Telephone number (if	any)				
E-mail address (option	nal)				

#### (C) DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY APPLICANT

Newport City Council Licensing Authority.

Newport City Council

PO Box 883 Civic Centre Godfrey Road Newport NP20 4UR

Name and address

Telephone number (if any)

01633 656656

E-mail address (optional)

environment.licensing@newport.gov.uk

#### This application to review relates to the following licensing objective(s)

Please tick one or more boxes ✓

1) the prevention of crime and disorder

2) public safety X

3) the prevention of public nuisance

4) the protection of children from harm X

Please state the ground(s) for review (please read guidance note 2)
Newport City Council Licensing Authority (acting as a Responsible Authority) has made an application for review of Ideal Stores, 392 Caerleon Road, Newport, because the operation at the premises undermines 'public safety' and the 'Protection of children from harm.'
The application is supported by evidence by 'Newport City Council Trading Standards Team' following a 'test purchase' at the premises in respect of age restricted products.
Further evidence supplied by Newport City Council Licensing Team in relation to licensable activity take place without a valid Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS).

# Please provide as much information as possible to support the application (please read guidance note 3)

Newport City Council Licensing Team first received information on the 22<sup>th</sup> March 2023, that the premises failed a routine 'Test Purchase' exercise conducted by the Police and Newport Council Trading Standards on the 23<sup>rd</sup> February 2023. A sale of 4 cans of Magners for £4.59 was made to a 15 year old male as part of an alcohol test purchase sweep operation checking compliance, the time of the sale was not noted.

#### A sale to an underage person

Section 147(1)(3) Knowingly allowing sale of alcohol to person under 18 or knowingly allowing supply of alcohol to club member or guest under 18.

A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to Level 5 fine. Once again a unlimited fine.

During a 'follow up' visit by 'Trading Standards' on the 22/03/2023 it was noted, during conversation that ownership of Ideal Stores, 392 Caerleon Road, Newport had changed on the 1st January 2023 to a Mr Rakesh Upadhyay, who purchased the business from the previous licence holder.

The new owner (Mr Upadhyay) failed to submit a 'Premises Licence Transfer Application' or a 'Change of Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS) Application' notifying the Licensing Authority and the responsible Authorities of the change in ownership. An offence is committed under the Licensing Act 2003 should licensable activity take place without a valid 'DPS'-

#### 136 Unauthorised licensable activities

(1)A person commits an offence if—

(a)he carries on or attempts to carry on a licensable activity on or from any premises otherwise than under and in accordance with an authorisation, or

(b)he knowingly allows a licensable activity to be so carried on.

(4) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or a unlimited fine.

On the 23<sup>rd</sup> March 2023 Newport City Council Licensing Officer Mr Llyr Roberts contacted the previous licence holder Gurpinder And Taranjeet Kaur Misson. It was confirmed during a brief telephone conversation with the previous licence holder Gurpinder Misson that the business was sold a few months ago and they were no longer involved with the premises. The previous licence holder Gurpinder Misson stated that they believed that the new owner had submitted all relevant paperwork to the Local Council.

On the 23<sup>rd</sup> March 2023 Newport City Council Licensing Officer Mr Llyr Roberts contacted Mr Rakesh Upadhyay regarding the change of ownership, licensable activity taking place without a valid 'DPS' and carrying on a licensable activity without valid authorisation.

During the telephone conversation Mr Upadhyay was notified that there was currently no authorisation to 'Retail Alcohol' at 'Ideal Stores, 392 Caerleon Road, Newport.' Alcohol would need to be removed or covered and could not be sold at the premises until an application to 'Transfer and Change the DPS' has been received by the 'Licensing Authority'. During the telephone conversation and a follow up email dated the 23<sup>rd</sup> March (Appendix 1) the owner was notified that the continuing the 'Sale of Alcohol' would be an offence under the Licensing Act 2003.

An application to 'Transfer the Premises Licence' and 'Change the Designated Premises Supervisor' to Mr Rakesh Upadhyay was received by the Licensing Authority on the 28<sup>th</sup> March 2023, the application took immediate effect.

In view of the above failures by the licence holder Mr Upadhyay to comply with the licensing objectives, specifically 'public safety' and the 'Protection of children from harm.' It is the view of the Licensing Authority that below conditions are attached to the 'Premises Licence'-

- (i) The Designated Premises Supervisor or a Personal Licence Holder should be present on the premises during Licensing hours of the sale of alcohol.
- (ii) CCTV shall be installed at the premise. The CCTV equipment shall be maintained in good working order and continually record when licensable activity takes place.
- (iii) The premises licence holder shall ensure images from the CCTV are retained for a period of 31 days. This image retention period may be reviewed as appropriate by the Licensing Authority and any other authorised person.
- (iv) The correct time and date will be generated onto both the recording and the real time image screen;
  - (i) If the CCTV equipment (including any mobile units in use at the premises) breaks down the Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the designated premises supervisor, or in his/her absence other responsible person, verbally informs the Licensing Authority and the Police as soon as is reasonably practicable. This information shall be contemporaneously recorded in the incident report register and shall include the time, date and means this was done and to whom the information was reported. Equipment failures shall be repaired or replaced as soon as is reasonably practicable and without undue delay. The Licensing Authority and the Police shall be informed when faults are rectified; A screen / monitor should be displayed behind the counter displaying the live CCTV images.
- (ii) The premise licence holder shall ensure that there are trained members of staff available during licensable hours to be able to reproduce and download CCTV images into a removable format at the request of any authorised officer of the Licensing Authority or a constable;
- (iii) There shall be clear signage indicating that CCTV equipment is in use and recording at the premises.
  - (iv) The Premises Licence Holder shall operate and maintain an up-to-date Register

- of Refusals of Sale of Alcohol, indicating the date, time and reason for refusal which shall be made available for inspection by any Responsible Authority under the Licensing Act 2003. The DPS shall check the book once a month ensuring that it is complete and up to date. The DPS will sign the book each time it is checked.
- (v) The Premises Licence Holder shall operate and maintain an up-to-date incident book, detailing the time/date/individual involved /incident that has taken place. This shall be made available for inspection by any Responsible Authority under the Licensing Act 2003. The DPS shall check the book once a month ensuring that it is complete and up to date. The DPS will sign the book each time it is checked.
- (vi) The premises shall operate a Challenge 25 policy and signage will be displayed to indicate this is in operation. The age check shall be made by examining either a passport, photographic driving licence or a PASS approved proof of age card. No other form of identification shall be accepted.
- (vii) Fully documented staff training, to include training on the Premises Licence conditions as well as the premises' Challenge 25 Policy must be given. Training must be undertaken at regular intervals throughout the calendar year, at a minimum every 6 months. Staff must sign and date documentation at the conclusion of their training session, acknowledging that they have received and fully understood the training provided to them. This can be made for inspection by any Responsible Authority under the Licensing Act 2003.

It is also felt appropriate to respectfully request that the Licensing Committee also consider to suspend the Premises Licence for a minimum of one-month period.

Clearly such suspension will act as a punishment for the licence holder but importantly allow the premises time to undertake appropriate training for all staff and review all the premises documents and procedures.

Have you made an application for review relating to the premises before			
If yes please state the date of that application	Day	Month	Year

If you have made representations before relating to the premises please state what they were and when you made them
and when you made them

yes					
<ul> <li>I have sent copies of this form and enclose and the premises licence holder or club ho as appropriate</li> </ul>	*				
I understand that if I do not comply with t application will be rejected	he above requirements my				
IT IS AN OFFENCE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION. THOSE WHO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT MAY BE LIABLE ON SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT.					
Part 3 – Signatures (please read guidance note 4	)				
Signature of applicant or applicant's solicitor or other duly authorised agent (please read guidance note 5). If signing on behalf of the applicant please state in what capacity.					
Signature Llyr Roberts- Licensing Officer					
		••••			
Date 25/05/2023					
Capacity Licensing Authority, Responsible A					
Contact name (where not previously given) and with this application (please read guidance note 6		associated			
Post town	Post Code				
Telephone number (if any)					
If you would prefer us to correspond with you u (optional)	sing an e-mail address your e-mail	address			
N. C. C. I					

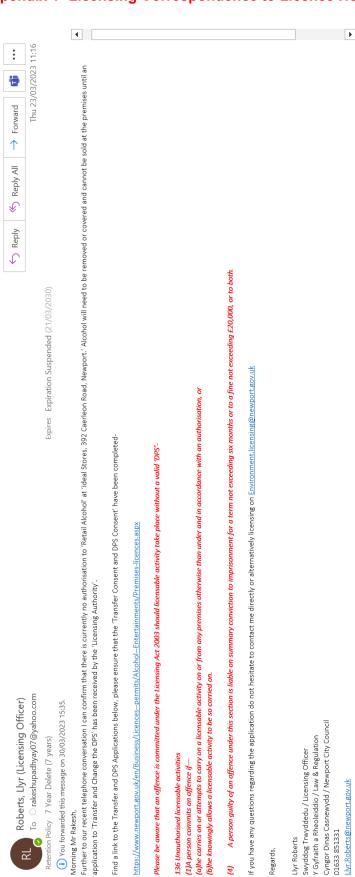
Please tick ✓

#### **Notes for Guidance**

VAC

- 1. A responsible authority includes the local police, fire and rescue authority and other statutory bodies which exercise specific functions in the local area.
- 2. The ground(s) for review must be based on one of the licensing objectives.
- 3. Please list any additional information or details for example dates of problems which are included in the grounds for review if available.
- 4. The application form must be signed.
- 5. An applicant's agent (for example solicitor) may sign the form on their behalf provided that they have actual authority to do so. This is the address which we shall use to correspond with you about this application.

### Appendix 1- Licensing Correspondence to Licence Holder Mr Rakesh Upadhyay - 23/03/2023



deal Stores, 392 Caerleon Road, Newport

#### **APPENDIX B-**

Premises Licence- Part A- Issued by Newport City Council Licensing Authority- 28.03.2023.

#### Schedule 12

#### Part A

(THIS PART OF THE LICENCE MUST BE KEPT AT THE PREMISES AT ALL TIMES AND PRODUCED UPON REQUEST OF AN AUTHORISED OFFICER)



#### **Premises Licence**

## City of Newport

Premises Licence Number 23/	3/00832/LAPVPT
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#### Part 1 - Premises Details

Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description, including Post Town, Post Code

Ideal Stores 392 Caerleon Road Newport South Wales NP19 7LT

Telephone number

#### Where the licence is time limited the dates

Not Applicable

#### Licensable activities authorised by the licence

Sale by retail of Alcohol

#### Times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Sale by retail of Alcohol Monday to Saturday inclusive 08:00 - 23:00 Sunday 10:00 - 22:30 Good Friday 08:00 - 22:30 Christmas Day 12:00 - 15:00 Christmas Day 19:00 - 22:30

Sale of alcohol on Christmas Day between the hours of 12 noon to 1500 and 1900 to 2230

#### The opening hours of the premises

Monday 08:00 - 23:00 Tuesday 08:00 - 23:00 Wednesday 08:00 - 23:00 Thursday 08:00 - 23:00 Friday 08:00 - 23:00 Saturday 08:00 - 23:00 Sunday 10:00 - 22:30

Where non standard timings are authorised, the opening times shall be as those authorised for licensable activities with an additional 30 minutes on the terminal hour.

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and / or off supplies

Alcohol is supplied for consumption off the Premises

#### Part 2

Name, (registered) address, telephone number and email (where relevant) of holder of premises licence
E Mail
Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)
Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol
Personal licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

This Premises Licence is issued by Newport City Council as Licensing Authority under Part 3 of the Licensing Act 2003 and regulations made thereunder.

Licensing Authority: City Of Cardiff

Dated this 28th March 2023

Party Reference:

Sha

Silvia Gonzalez-Lopez Head of Environment and Public Protection

#### **Mandatory conditions**

- 1 No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
- i) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence; or
- ii) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended.
- 2 Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.
- 3 Where at specified times one or more individuals may be at the premises to carry out a security activity, each individual must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority. For the purposes of this section:
- i) "security activity" means an activity to which paragraph 2(1)(a) of that Schedule applies; and
- ii) paragraph 8(5) of that Schedule (interpretation of references to an occasion) applies as it applies in relation to paragraph 8 of that Schedule.
- 4 (1)The premises licence holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.
- (2) The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.
- (3) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either-
  - (a) a holographic mark, or .
  - (b) an ultraviolet feature.

#### New Mandatory condition for on and off sales from 28 May 2014

- (1) A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.
- (2) In this condition:-
- (a) "permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula P = D + (D x V), where-
- (i) P is the permitted price,
- (ii) D is the amount of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and
- (iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol;
- (b) "duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979;
- (c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence-
- (i) the holder of the premises licence,
- (ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or
- (iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence;
- (d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and
- (e) "value added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994.
- (3) Where the permitted price would not be a whole number of pennies, the permitted price shall be taken to be the price rounded up to the nearest penny.

(4) Where the permitted price on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax, the permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

#### **Conditions consistent with the Operating Schedule**

1A01 This Licence shall be subject to the exceptions pursuant to Section 63 of the Licensing Act 1964.

#### Conditions attached after a hearing by the licensing authority

NIL.

#### **Plans**

Please see attached plans (reference number )

#### **APPENDIX C-**

The location of the premises- Ideal Stores, 392 Caerleon Road, Newport, NP19 7LT (Provided by Google maps 28/06/2023)-

